## AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 31, 1998 AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 2, 1998

## **SENATE BILL**

No. 1417

## **Introduced by Senator Knight**

January 20, 1998

An act to amend Sections 417, 832.6, and 12050 and 832.6 of, and to repeal Section 417.1 of, the Penal Code, relating to peace officers.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1417, as amended, Knight. Peace officers.

(1) Existing law defines peace officer for purposes of the prohibition against every person drawing or exhibiting any firearm in a rude, angry, or threatening manner in the immediate presence of a peace officer.

This bill would revise this definition to include additional classifications of officers, including a reserve or auxiliary sheriff or city police officer, or a deputy sheriff, and accordingly make a conforming change by repealing the provision that specifically applies this definition to these officers for purposes of the above prohibition. By expanding the scope of a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

(2) Under existing law, a level II reserve officer has the powers of a peace officer when he or she meets specified conditions that include, among other things, completion of the basic training course for deputy sheriffs and police officers prescribed by the Commission on Peace Officer Standards

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and Training. Existing law also describes the duties of a level III reserve officer who, among other things, is required to be proximately supervised by a peace officer, as defined by a specified provision of law.

This bill would additionally require level II reserve officers to satisfy the continuing professional training requirement prescribed by the commission. The bill also would revise the provision covering level III reserve officers to require that they instead be supervised in the accessible vicinity by, among others, a *full-time*, *regular* peace officer employed by a law enforcement agency authorized to have reserve officers and include report taking among the duties of level III reserve officers while authorizing these officers to transport prisoners without immediate supervision.

(3) Existing law authorizes the sheriff of the county or the chief or other head of a municipal police department of any city or county to issue, upon proof that the person applying meets specified prerequisites and that the person is a person who has been deputized or appointed as a peace officer by that sheriff or that police chief or other head of a municipal police department, a license to carry concealed a concealable firearm.

This bill, in addition, would authorize a district or other agency authorized by statute to appoint peace officers to issue this license pursuant to this provision.

(4)—The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 417 of the Penal Code is 2 amended to read:
- 3 417. (a) (1) Every person who, except in
- 4 self-defense, in the presence of any other person, draws

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or exhibits any deadly weapon whatsoever, other than a firearm, in a rude, angry, or threatening manner, or who 3 in any manner, unlawfully uses the same in any fight or quarrel is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment in a county jail for not less than 30 days. Every person who violates this section when the other person is in the process of cleaning up graffiti or vandalism is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment in a county jail for not less than three 10 months nor more than one year.

(2) Every person who, except in self-defense, in the 12 presence of any other person, draws or exhibits any 13 firearm, whether loaded or unloaded, in a rude, angry, or 14 threatening manner, or who in any manner, unlawfully uses the same in any fight or quarrel is guilty of a 16 misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment in a county jail for not less than three months. Every person who 18 violates this section when the other person is in the process of cleaning up graffiti or vandalism is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment in a county jail for not less than three months nor more than one year.

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- (b) Every person who, except in self-defense, in the 23 presence of any other person, draws or exhibits any 24 loaded firearm in a rude, angry, or threatening manner, 25 or who, in any manner, unlawfully uses any loaded 26 firearm in any fight or quarrel upon the grounds of any day care center, as defined in Section 1596.76 of the 28 Health and Safety Code, or any facility where programs, including day care programs or recreational programs, 30 are being conducted for persons under 18 years of age, programs conducted by organization, during the hours in which the center or 32 facility is open for use, shall be punished by imprisonment 34 in the state prison for one, two, or three years, or by imprisonment in a county jail for not less than three 36 months, nor more than one year.
- (c) Every person who, in the immediate presence of 38 a peace officer, draws or exhibits any firearm, whether loaded or unloaded, in a rude, angry, or threatening manner, and who knows, or reasonably should know, by

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the officer's uniformed appearance or other action of identification by the officer, that he or she is a peace officer engaged in the performance of his or her duties, and that peace officer is engaged in the performance of his or her duties is guilty of a felony, punishable by his or her duties, shall be punished by imprisonment in a county jail for not less than nine months and not to exceed one year, or in the state prison.

As used in this section, "peace officer" means any 10 person designated as a peace officer pursuant to Chapter 4.5 (commencing with Section 830) of Title 3 of Part 2.

SEC. 2. Section 417.1 of the Penal Code is repealed.

SEC. 3. Section 832.6 of the Penal Code is amended to 14 read:

832.6. (a) Every person deputized or appointed, as 16 described in subdivision (a) of Section 830.6, shall have the powers of a peace officer only when the person is any of the following:

- (1) A level I reserve officer deputized or appointed 20 pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (a) or subdivision (b) of Section 830.6 and assigned to the 22 prevention and detection of crime and the general enforcement of the laws of this state, whether or not 24 working alone, and the person has completed the basic 25 training course for deputy sheriffs and police officers Commission Peace prescribed by the on Officer Standards and Training. For level I reserve officers appointed prior to January 1, 1997, the basic training requirement shall be the course that was prescribed at the appointment. Reserve of their officers appointed pursuant to this paragraph shall satisfy the continuing professional training requirement prescribed by the commission.
- 34 level (2) A II reserve officer assigned to 35 prevention and detection of crime and the general 36 enforcement of the laws of this state while under the immediate supervision of a peace officer who has completed the basic training course for deputy sheriffs 38 and police officers prescribed by the Commission on 40 Peace Officer Standards and Training, and the level II

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reserve officer has completed the course required by Section 832 and any other training prescribed by the commission.

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Level II reserve officers appointed pursuant to this assigned, without paragraph may be supervision, to those limited duties that are authorized for level III reserve officers pursuant to paragraph (3). Reserve officers appointed pursuant to this paragraph shall satisfy the continuing professional training 10 requirement prescribed by the commission.

- (3) Level III reserve officers may be deployed and are 12 authorized only to carry out limited support duties not 13 requiring general law enforcement powers in their 14 routine performance. Those limited duties shall include 15 traffic control, security at parades and sporting events, evidence transportation, 16 report taking, enforcement, and other duties that are not likely to result 18 in physical arrests. Level III reserve officers while assigned these duties shall be supervised in the accessible 20 vicinity by a level I reserve officer or a full-time, regular peace officer employed by a law enforcement agency 22 authorized to have reserve officers. Level III reserve 23 officers may transport prisoners without immediate 24 supervision. Those persons shall have completed the 25 training required under Section 832 and any other training prescribed by the commission for those persons.
- (4) A person assigned to the prevention and detection 28 of a particular crime or crimes or to the detection or apprehension of a particular individual or individuals 30 while working under the supervision of a California peace officer in a county adjacent to the state border who 32 possesses a basic certificate issued by the Commission on 33 Peace Officer Standards and Training, and the person is 34 a law enforcement officer who is regularly employed by a local or state law enforcement agency in an adjoining 36 state and has completed the basic training required for peace officers in his or her state.

38 This training shall fully satisfy any other training requirements required by law, including those specified in Section 832.

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In no case shall a peace officer of an adjoining state provide services within a California jurisdiction during any period in which the regular law enforcement agency of the jurisdiction is involved in a labor dispute.

- (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), a person who is issued a level I reserve officer certificate before January 1, 1981, shall have the full powers and duties of a peace officer as provided by Section 830.1 if so designated by local ordinance or, if the local agency is not authorized to 10 act by ordinance, by resolution, either individually or by class, if the appointing authority determines the person 12 is qualified to perform general law enforcement duties by 13 reason of the person's training and experience. Persons 14 who were qualified to be issued the level I reserve officer certificate before January 1, 1981, and who state in writing 15 16 under penalty of perjury that they applied for but were not issued the certificate before January 1, 1981, may be 18 issued the certificate before July 1, 1984. For purposes of this section, certificates so issued shall be deemed to have the full force and effect of any level I reserve officer certificate issued prior to January 1, 1981.
  - (c) In carrying out this section, the commission:
  - (1) May use proficiency testing to satisfy reserve training standards.
  - (2) Shall provide for convenient training to remote areas in the state.
  - (3) Shall establish a professional certificate for reserve officers as defined in paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) and may establish a professional certificate for reserve officers as defined in paragraphs (2) and (3) of subdivision (a).
- (4) Shall facilitate the voluntary transition of reserve 32 officers regular to officers with no unnecessary redundancy between the training required for level I and level II reserve officers.
- 35 (5) Shall develop a supplemental course for existing 36 level I reserve officers desiring to satisfy the basic training course for deputy sheriffs and police officers. 37
- 38 carrying out paragraphs (1) and (d) In subdivision (c), the commission may establish and levy appropriate fees, provided the fees do not exceed the cost

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for administering the respective services. These fees shall be deposited in the Peace Officers' Training Fund established by Section 13520.

- (e) The commission shall include an amount in its annual budget request to carry out this section.
- SEC. 4. Section 12050 of the Penal Code is amended to read:
- 12050. (a) (1) (A) The sheriff of a county, upon proof that the person applying is of good moral character, that good cause exists for the issuance, and that the person applying is a resident of the county or a city within the county, may issue to that person a license to carry a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person in either one of the following formats:
- (i) A license to carry concealed a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person.
- (ii) Where the population of the county is less than 200,000 persons according to the most recent federal decennial census, a license to carry loaded and exposed in that county a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person.
- (B) The chief or other head of a municipal police department of any city or city and county, upon proof that the person applying is of good moral character, that good cause exists for the issuance, and that the person applying is a resident of that city, may issue to that person a license to carry a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person in either one of the following formats:
- (i) A license to carry concealed a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person.
- (ii) Where the population of the county in which the city is located is less than 200,000 persons according to the most recent federal decennial census, a license to carry loaded and exposed in that county a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person.

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(C) The sheriff of a county or the chief or other head of a municipal police department of any city or city and county, or district or agency authorized by statute to appoint peace officers, upon proof that the person applying is of good moral character, that good cause exists for the issuance, and that the person applying is a person who has been deputized or appointed as a peace officer pursuant to subdivision (a) or (b) of Section 830.6 by that sheriff or that chief of police or other head of a municipal police department, or district or agency authorized by statute to appoint peace officers, may issue to that person a license to carry concealed a pistol, revolver, or other 13 firearm capable of being concealed upon the person. Direct or indirect fees for the issuance of a license 14 pursuant to this subparagraph may be waived. The fact that an applicant for a license to carry a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person has been deputized or appointed as a peace officer pursuant to subdivision (a) or (b) of Section 830.6 shall be considered only for the purpose of issuing a license pursuant to this subparagraph, and shall not be considered for the purpose of issuing a license pursuant to subparagraph (A) or (B).

(2) A license issued pursuant to subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1) is valid for any period of time not to exceed one year from the date of the license. A license issued pursuant to subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) to a peace officer appointed pursuant to Section 830.6 is valid for any period of time not to exceed three years from the date of the license, except that the license shall be invalid upon the conclusion of the person's appointment pursuant to Section 830.6 if the three-year period has not otherwise expired or any other condition imposed pursuant to this section does not limit the validity of the license to a shorter time period.

(b) A license may include any reasonable restrictions or conditions which the issuing authority deems warranted, including restrictions as to the time, place, manner, and circumstances under which the person may

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carry a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person.

- (c) Any restrictions imposed pursuant to subdivision (b) shall be indicated on any license issued.
- (d) A license shall not be issued if the Department of Justice determines that the person is within a prohibited class described in Section 12021 or 12021.1 of this code or Section 8100 or 8103 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.
- (e) (1) The license shall be revoked by the local licensing authority if at any time either the local licensing authority is notified by the Department of Justice that a licensee is within a prohibited class described in Section 12021 or 12021.1 of this code or Section 8100 or 8103 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, or the local licensing authority determines that the person is within a prohibited class described in Section 12021 or 12021.1 of this code or Section 8100 or 8103 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.
- (2) If at any time the Department of Justice determines that a licensee is within a prohibited class described in Section 12021 or 12021.1 of this code or Section 8100 or 8103 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, the department shall immediately notify the local licensing authority of the determination.
- (3) If the local licensing authority revokes the license, the Department of Justice shall be notified of the revocation pursuant to Section 12053. The licensee shall also be immediately notified of the revocation in writing.
- (f) (1) A person issued a license pursuant to this section may apply to the licensing authority for an amendment to the license to do one or more of the following:
- (A) Add or delete authority to carry a particular pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person.
- (B) Authorize the licensee to carry concealed a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person.
- (C) If the population of the county is less than 200,000 persons according to the most recent federal decennial

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34 35 exposed in that county a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person.

- (D) Change any restrictions or conditions on the license, including restrictions as to the time, place, manner, and circumstances under which the person may carry a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person.
- (2) When the licensee changes his or her address, the license shall be amended to reflect the new address and a new license shall be issued pursuant to paragraph (3).
- (3) If the licensing authority amends the license, a new license shall be issued to the licensee reflecting the amendments.
- (4) The licensee shall notify the licensing authority in writing within 10 days of any change in the licensee's place of residence. If the license is one to carry concealed a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person, then it may not be revoked solely because the licensee changes his or her place of residence to another county if the licensee has not breached any conditions or restrictions set forth in the license or has not fallen into a prohibited class described in Section 12021 or 12021.1 of this code or Section 8100 or 8103 of the Welfare and Institutions Code. If the license is one to carry loaded and exposed a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person, the license shall be revoked immediately if the licensee changes his or her place of residence to another county.
- (5) An amendment to the license does not extend the original expiration date of the license and the license shall be subject to renewal at the same time as if the license had not been amended.
- 35 (6) An application to amend a license does not constitute an application for renewal of the license.
- 37 SEC. 5.
- 38 SEC. 4. No reimbursement is required by this act 39 pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California 40 Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred

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by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution.

Notwithstanding Section 17580 of the Government

8 Notwithstanding Section 17580 of the Government 9 Code, unless otherwise specified, the provisions of this act 10 shall become operative on the same date that the act 11 takes effect pursuant to the California Constitution.